

Mae Wang National Park



Established in 2009, Mae Wang National Park is the 112nd national park in Thailand and covers an area of Doi Lo, Chom Thong and Mae Wang districts in Chiangmai with 119.6256 square kilometers. Covering with various types of forest as mixed deciduous forest, Deciduous dipterocarp forest, montane rain forest and pine forest.

Geography

Complex mountainous of Thanon Thongchai hill range that is lying along north-south line 400-1,960 metres above mean sea level. The park's forest feeds Mae Cham, Mae Wang and Mae Tuen rivers, which are tributaries of the Mae Ping River. The watershed forest feeds main tributaries of the Mae Wong River

Flora and Fauna

Forest types of the park include mixed deciduous forest, deciduous dipterocarp forest, pine forest and montane rain forest. There are lots of *Xylia xylocarpa*, *Azelia xylocarpa*, *Dipterocarpus alatus*, *Pterocarpus macrocarpus*, *Tectona grandis*, *Shorea obtusa* and *S. siamensis*.

Attractions

- ◆ **Doi Pha Tang.** At 1,960 metres above mean sea level. It is chilly throughout the year.
- ◆ **Mae Puai Waterfall** is about 25 metres high and 35 metres wide with the flowing water throughout the year.
- ◆ **Pha Mon Waterfall.** It is a large size and beautiful waterfall with 3 levels, 30 metres high and 25 metres wide.
- ◆ **Pla Duk Daeng Waterfall**, a one step waterfall with 10 metres high and 30 metres wide.
- ◆ **Pha Cho.** It is a great cliff with 30 metres high, situated at Yang Khram sub-district, Doi Lo district.
- ◆ **Kio Suea Ten.** Very nice place like Pha Cho but smaller and lower than Pha Cho. Only 1 kilometre from Pha Cho.



Getting There

- From Chiang Mai, take Highway 108 (Chiang Mai-Hot) for 40 kilometres to Fa Lang temple. Then take a u-turn in front of the temple and continue for 300 metres to Chan Tip Market. Turn left to Santisuk-Pong Cho Reservoir Route, the park is 10 kilometres further on.