

Mae Tho National Park

Mae Tho National Park covers an area of 490.77 square kilometres in Hot and Mae Chaem districts of Chiang Mai. This area was once reclaimed by local people, but later was rehabilitated by the Royal Forest Department. The national park offers scenic views of mountain range and spectacular forests.

Geography

Features rugged mountain range with the highest peak, Doi Kio Rai Mong, at 1,699 m. above mean sea level.

Flora and Fauna

Mixed deciduous forest and deciduous dipterocarp forest blanket the national park with various plants, mammals, birds and insects.

Attractions

◆ **Mae Tho Viewpoint** is where visitors can view sea of clouds and the highest peak of Doi Inthanon.

◆ **Mae Aep Waterfall** is located 9 kilometres from the national park office.

◆ **Mae Lit Waterfall** offers spectacular scenery. The waterfall is 6–8 metres wide and 10–12 metres high.

◆ **Mae Ping Noi-Sop Mae Tum-Sop Huai Kong Pae** offers scenic views of various vegetation and adventurous travel.

◆ **Rafting** along the route of Ban Mae Khan-Sop Mae Tum-Sop Huai Kong Pae.

Getting There

- Mae Tho National Park is 160 kilometres from Chiang Mai town. Drive along the Chiang Mai-Hot route (Highway 108) for 89 kilometres to Hot. Proceed to Hot-Mae Sariang route (Highway 108) for another 54 kilometres, passing through Op Luang National Park until reaching Kong Loi village. Turn right onto the Ban Kong Loi-Ban Mae Tho route (Highway 1270) and continue for 16 kilometres to the park headquarters.

